We manufacture, test and certify 100% of our wine cooling units in the USA. By sourcing the best components and closely controlling our manufacturing processes, we can assure the highest-quality, lowest defect manufacturing rates in the industry.
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INTRODUCTION

Customer Service
Thank you for purchasing a WhisperKOOL cooling system. We strive to provide the highest-quality products and the best possible customer service. If you have any questions about your system, please call us at 1-800-343-9463 or visit WhisperKOOL.com.

Using the Manual
This manual is intended to assist in the proper maintenance of the cooling system. In order to ensure the longevity of your cooling unit, the equipment should be installed as outlined in the technician's manual. It is also vital to establish a proper care and maintenance schedule. Please read and review this manual carefully and keep it for future reference.

What is the WhisperKOOL Cooling System?
The WhisperKOOL cooling system is a specialized refrigeration system designed for one purpose only: to maintain the optimal temperature and humidity levels conducive to the proper storage and aging of fine wines. This system produces minimal in-cellar noise and has the most lenient exhaust requirements. An exterior housing is required for outdoor condensing unit installations.

How Does the Cooling System Work?
Similar to the air conditioning systems used for homes, the evaporator unit and condensing units are installed in separate locations and are connected by a refrigerant line set. The evaporator portion is commonly installed in the wine cellar, with the condensing unit is located either outside or in a remote indoor location that is ventilated. An exterior housing is required for outdoor condensing unit installations.

Temperature Setting
The system is designed to maintain a cellar temperature of 55°F as long as the ambient temperature does not exceed 110°F.

WARRANTY REGISTRATION

In order to activate the warranty of your system, the verification and operational documentation must be completed by the certified refrigeration technician installing your system and submitted via mail, fax, or e-mail.

Mail to: WhisperKOOL
ATTN: Warranty Registration
1738 E. Alpine Avenue
Stockton, CA 95205-2505
USA

Fax to: 209-466-4606
Scan and email to: warranty@whisperkool.com
Platinum Twin

Pump-down Cycle
WhisperKOOL's split systems operate on a pump-down cycle different from traditional air conditioners. As such, there is no wiring between the condensing unit and evaporator unit.

WhisperKOOL units utilize a solenoid valve on the liquid line and a low-pressure switch on the suction line. When the thermostat calls for cooling, the solenoid valve opens, permitting the flow of refrigerant. The low-pressure switch then signals the compressor to cycle on.

When the cellar reaches the desired temperature and the thermostat is satisfied, the solenoid will close, stopping the liquid refrigerant flow to the TXV valve. The compressor will continue to operate until most of the refrigerant on the low side boils off and is pumped through the compressor into the condenser coil and receiver. As the suction pressure falls below the pressure control setting, the low-pressure switch will signal the compressor to cycle off. Most of the refrigerant is now stored between the condensing unit and receiver.

WARNING: Do not utilize a ground fault interrupter, as it will prevent the unit from drawing the amperage necessary to start the unit.

TXV Adjustments
A. A TXV adjustment may be necessary based on ambient temperatures in the cellar and at the condensing unit.
B. Adjust the TXV until the superheat measured at the suction line service valve is 20-30°F.
C. Under normal operation, with the wine cellar at 55°F and the ambient temperature at 85°F, the low side pressure should be between 28-32 PSI and the high side should be between 160-180 PSI.

TXV
The TXV is preadjusted at the factory. If the superheat is not within 20-30° at the service valve, the TXV will need to be adjusted.

ADJUSTING THE TXV
Use a 5/16” hex key to remove the cap from the TXV superheat adjustment port. With the cap removed, insert the hex key into the superheat adjustment port. Increase superheat by turning the hex key clockwise. Decrease superheat by turning the hex key counterclockwise.

Liquid Line King Valve
This location is used to charge the system with liquid refrigerant and identify the high side pressure of the system.

Calculating Subcooling
To determine the subcooling of the system, calculate the difference between the high side pressure of the system (converted to temperature) and the temperature of the liquid line. The temperature of the liquid line will be taken at the outlet of the receiver.
*Saturation temp — liquid line temp

4-6°F SUBCOOLING REQUIRED FOR WARRANTY APPROVAL

*Further system operation information is available on page 42.
BEFORE YOU START

1. **Inspect all components prior to installation.** If damage is found, please contact your distributor or WhisperKOOL Customer Service at 1-800-343-9463.

2. Each evaporator unit **requires a dedicated 115V, 15-amp circuit.** The condensing unit **requires a dedicated 230V single-phase 15-amp circuit.** Use a surge protector with the unit. **Do not use a GFI (ground fault interrupter) line.**

3. You are **REQUIRED to install a drain line** to remove condensation from each evaporator unit.

4. **The warranty is not active until a warranty checklist has been received, reviewed, and approved.**

5. The system is intended **for use in properly designed and constructed wine cellars.** Hire a professional wine storage consultant with a valid contractor's license to build your wine cellar.

6. WhisperKOOL requires that all split systems be installed by a certified HVAC-R technician only. NATE or equivalent is recommended.

7. **It is vital that the units be set apart and oriented so that the return air from one unit does not recirculate into the supply air of the other unit.**

If you encounter a problem with your WhisperKOOL system, please refer to the Troubleshooting Guide. If you have any further questions or concerns, or need assistance, please contact WhisperKOOL's Customer Service at 1-800-343-9463. Please be sure all testing has been completed prior to contacting Customer Service. Please have your results ready for your representative.
RECEIVING & INSPECTING THE SYSTEM

- Use caution when lifting and check package for damage.
- Lift only at the designated hand-hold locations on the shipping container, or fully support the unit from underneath. A shipment may include one or more boxes containing accessories.
- Before opening the container, inspect the packaging for any obvious signs of damage or mishandling.
- Write any discrepancy or visual damage on the bill of lading before signing.
- Allow the condensing unit to sit for 24 hours prior to start-up. The condensing unit can be placed in the installation location, piped, and evacuated during this time.

NOTE: WhisperKOOL units are manufactured in the USA and tested prior to shipment.

- Review the packing slip to verify contents.
- Check the model number to ensure it is correct.
- Check that all factory options ordered are listed.
- If any items listed on the packing slip do not match your order information, contact WhisperKOOL Customer Service immediately.

Check all shipped boxes for the following contents:

Master Evaporator Box
- (1) Master Platinum Split Twin evaporator unit
- (1) Wall-mounted evaporator installation template

Documentation bag (master):
- Platinum Split Twin owner’s manual
- Platinum Split Twin technician’s manual
- R-134a split system warranty checklist

Accessory kit bag (master):
- KDT Plus display cable (50 feet)
- KDT Plus wall mount bracket assembly
- KDT Plus flush mount bracket assembly
- KDT Plus display assembly
- Flush mount template
- Black strain relief bushing
- Evaporator installation hardware bag

Slave Evaporator Box
- (1) Slave Platinum Split Twin evaporator unit
- (1) Wall-mounted evaporator installation template
- (1) Evaporator installation hardware bag

Condensing Unit Box
- (1) Condensing unit
- (1) Condensing unit accessory kit:
  - (1) ¼” filter drier
  - (1) ¼” sight glass

Wall-Mounted Master Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Retractable bottle probe
- (1) Filter grille

Ducted Master Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Stainless steel bottle probe (50-ft cord)
- (1) Duct plenum

Wall-Mounted Slave Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Filter grille

Ducted Slave Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Duct plenum

OR

Wall-Mounted Slave Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Filter grille

OR

Ducted Master Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Stainless steel bottle probe (50-ft cord)
- (1) Duct plenum

Wall-Mounted Master Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Retractable bottle probe
- (1) Filter grille

Check all shipped boxes for the following contents:

Wall-Mounted Slave Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Filter grille

OR

Ducted Slave Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Duct plenum

Wall-Mounted Master Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Retractable bottle probe
- (1) Filter grille

OR

Ducted Master Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Stainless steel bottle probe (50-ft cord)
- (1) Duct plenum

Wall-Mounted Slave Accessory Kit Box
- (1) Filter grille

Please leave the unit in its original box until you are ready for installation. This will allow you to move the product safely without damaging it. When you are ready to remove the product from the box, refer to the installation instructions.

TIP: Save your box and all packaging materials. They provide the only safe means of transporting/shipping the unit.
QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE
Wall-Mounted — Front / Side View

- Evaporator unit
- Filter grille
- Return air
- Supply air

Wall-Mounted — Rear / Side View

- Mounting keyholes (4)
- THROUGH THE WALL
  - Option 1
    - Knockout for wiring
    - Line set knockout
    - Knockout for drain line
- INSIDE CELLAR
  - Option 2
    - Knockout for drain line
    - Knockout for wiring
    - Line set knockout
## WALL-MOUNTED TWIN SPECIFICATIONS

![Evaporator unit](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>9000 Master Evaporator (Fan Coil Unit)</th>
<th>9000 Slave Evaporator (Fan Coil Unit)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cellar Size</strong></td>
<td>Approx. 3000 cu. ft., provided cellar is fully insulated and sealed with proper vapor barrier*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BTU/h w/85°F air entering condenser coil</strong></td>
<td>8500</td>
<td>8500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dimensions</strong></td>
<td>16.1”L x 20.5”W x 15.5”H</td>
<td>16.1”L x 20.5”W x 15.5”H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Refrigerant</strong></td>
<td>R-134a</td>
<td>R-134a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Voltage Rating</strong></td>
<td>115V (15-amp dedicated circuit required)</td>
<td>115V (15-amp dedicated circuit required)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight (lbs)</strong></td>
<td>57</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Amps</strong></td>
<td>Evaporator: 1 running amp (per unit)</td>
<td>Evaporator: 1 running amp (per unit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compressor: LRA 50, RLA 9.3</td>
<td>Compressor: LRA 50, RLA 9.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Line Set</strong></td>
<td>Liquid line ⅜”; suction line ⅝” (less than 50 ft.), ⅞” (greater than 50 ft.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Drain Line</strong></td>
<td>½” ID clear plastic tubing (not provided)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Installation</strong></td>
<td>Evaporator units are installed in the cellar.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Thermostat</strong></td>
<td>Advanced digital display (50-ft. cable), liquid-temperature-measuring bottle probe (50-ft. cable)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Temp. Delta</strong></td>
<td>Can maintain a 55°F temperature differential with up to 110°F condenser air intake temperature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Warranty</strong></td>
<td>Two-year limited warranty (parts and labor)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Each cellar is unique and has specific cooling requirements. Heat load calculations should always be performed prior to selecting a cooling unit.
FULLY DUCTED TWIN SPECIFICATIONS

**Model** | **9000 Master Evaporator (Fan Coil Unit)** | **9000 Slave Evaporator (Fan Coil Unit)**
---|---|---
Cellar Size (cu. ft.) | Approx. 3000 cu. ft., provided cellar is fully insulated and sealed with proper vapor barrier* | 
BTU/h w/85°F air entering condenser coil | 7850 | 7850 |
Dimensions | 20"L x 20.5"W x 15.5"H | 20"L x 20.5"W x 15.5"H |
Refrigerant | R-134a | R-134a |
Voltage Rating | 115V (15-amp dedicated circuit required) | 115V (15-amp dedicated circuit required) |
Weight (lbs) | 57 | 57 |
Amps | Evaporator: 1 running amp (per unit) Compressor: LRA 50, RLA 9.3 | Evaporator: 1 running amp (per unit) Compressor: LRA 50, RLA 9.3 |
Line Set | Liquid line ¾"; suction line ¾" (less than 50 ft.), ⅝" (greater than 50 ft.) | 
Duct Size | 8" supply, 10" return (x2) | 
Drain Line | ½"ID clear plastic tubing (not included) | 
Installation | Evaporator units can be installed up to 25 ducted feet away. | 
Thermostat | Advanced digital display (connected to master unit) with 50-ft. cable; liquid-temperature-measuring bottle probe (also with 50-ft. cable) | 
Temp. Delta | Can maintain a 55°F cellar temperature with up to 110°F condenser air intake temperature | 
Warranty | Two-year limited warranty (parts and labor) | 

*Each cellar is unique and has specific cooling requirements. Heat load calculations should always be performed prior to selecting a cooling unit.
## CONDENSING UNIT SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>9000 Condenser (Air-Cooled Condensing Unit)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimensions</td>
<td>24”L x 18.98”W x 16.16”H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refrigerant</td>
<td>R-134a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HP</td>
<td>Ducted system: 3.1, non-ducted system: 3.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage Rating</td>
<td>230V (15-amp dedicated circuit required)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight (lbs)</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation</td>
<td>Condensing unit can be installed up to 100 line feet from master evaporator unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warranty</td>
<td>Two-year limited warranty (parts and labor)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPLIT SYSTEM CHECKLIST

In order to activate the warranty for this product, the information here must be complete and accurate. Any incorrect or omitted information will result in a return trip by the installing technician at their cost.

DATA RECORDINGS
NOTE: All readings need to be taken while the compressor is running.

Line Set Information
A. Line set length:
B. Suction line OD:
C. Liquid Line OD:

Bottle Probe
A. Install probe in bottle of warm water to keep system operating.

Charging the System
A. Fill system until bubbles dissipate from sight glass.
NOTE: Be careful not to overcharge the system.

Temperature Differential at the Evaporator
A. Measure return air and supply air temperatures at each evaporator to ensure adequate cooling of air in cellar.

Sub Cooling
A. Measure head pressure at liquid line king valve. Convert pressure to temp using conversion chart.
B. Temp of liquid line at king valve:
C. Complete sub cooling calculation: A – B =

Superheat Master
A. Measure suction pressure at the suction line service valve, convert to temp.
B. Measure the temperature of the suction line at the outlet of the evaporator.
C. Complete superheat calculation: B – A =
NOTE: There may be a need to adjust the TXV to get the correct superheat levels.

Superheat Slave
A. Measure suction pressure at the suction line service valve, convert to temp.
B. Measure the temperature of the suction line at the outlet of the evaporator.
C. Complete superheat calculation: B – A =
NOTE: There may be a need to adjust the TXV to get the correct superheat levels.

Compressor Temperature
A. Measure temperature at bottom of compressor.
NOTE: Cool temp may indicate liquid in the compressor.

Voltage and Amp Draw
A. Measure voltage to compressor and amp draw.

Condensation Drain Test
A. Pour water into each evaporator unit’s drain pans to ensure they drain properly.
ITEMS TO ROUTE BEFORE INSTALLING THE EVAPORATOR UNITS

1. Route the refrigerant lines from each evaporator unit toward each other using 3/8" OD copper tubing for the suction line and 1/4" OD tubing for the liquid lines.

2. Join both suction lines together using a 3/8” T-fitting. Install a 3/4” to 3/8” reducer at the outlet of the T-fitting. The remainder of the suction line from the T-fitting to the condensing unit will need to be 3/4” OD copper tubing. (See page 34 for detailed piping diagram.)

3. Join both liquid lines together using a 1/4” T-fitting. Install a 3/8” to 1/4” reducer at the inlet of the T-fitting. The remainder of the liquid line from the T-fitting to the condensing unit will need to be 3/8” OD copper tubing. (See page 34 for detailed piping diagram.)

4. Route the display cable from the desired location to the desired master evaporator unit installation location (see page 22 for more display information).

5. Route the bottle probe cable from the desired thermostat bottle location to desired master evaporator unit installation location (see page 21 for more bottle probe information).

6. Route the drain lines from a proper discharge location to the desired evaporator unit installation locations (see page 20 for more drain line information).

7. Route the power cable wiring to the desired evaporator unit installation locations.

8. Route an 18-5 thermostat wire between the desired evaporator unit installation locations.
PREPARING THE WALL-MOUNTED EVAPORATOR UNITS

1. Remove the rear panel and set aside.
2. For ease of installation, remove the nine (9) screws securing the top and remove the top.

Required Tools:
- Drill
- ⅜" drill bit
- ¼" socket drill bit
- ¼" wrench
- Phillips-head screwdriver
- Tape measure
- Brazing torch
- Drywall saw
- Ladder
- Level
- Pliers
- Pencil
INSTALLING THE WALL-MOUNTED EVAPORATOR UNITS

Refer to the Wall-Mounted Evaporator Unit Installation Template for more information about mounting the wall-mounted evaporator units.

1. Locate two (2) wall studs in the desired mounting location spaced 16" on center.
2. Mark vertical lines on each stud 16" apart.
3. Mark an intersecting horizontal line at the desired height of the unit.
4. Make a mark on each stud 13½" down from the intersection of the horizontal and vertical lines.

**NOTE:** The top of the unit must be installed a minimum of 6" and a maximum of 18" from the ceiling.

5. Install the four (4) supplied 1¾" hex-head screws into the studs at the locations marked leaving ⅛" between the wall surface and screw head.
6. If routing through a wall, cut out an access hole for the line set, drain line, display cable, and power wires.
7. Raise the evaporator to the installation location. Align the rear keyholes with the mounting screws and mount the unit.
8. Using a ¼" wrench or socket, tighten the top mounting screws.
9. Using ¾" and ⅜" copper tubing, route the liquid and suction lines through the knockouts in the housing. Be sure to extend the tubing far enough outside of the housing to extend through the wall if necessary.
10. Wrap both sides of the copper tubing with a wet rag to prevent overheating.
11. To prevent oxidation, purge the system with nitrogen.
12. Braze the copper tubing to the connections on the evaporator unit.
13. Insulate the suction line using Armaflex or similar insulation.
14. Using the cable ties and cable tie mounts provided, secure the drain line to the bottom of the housing to ensure a downward slope.
15. Route the power wire, bottle probe connector, and display cable into the unit through the knockouts.
16. Connect the power wires according to color: connect the ground wire to the green wire, the hot wire to the black wire, and the neutral wire to the white wire.
17. Locate the thermostat wire connections inside of the master unit.
18. Connect the 18-5 wire that was routed between the evaporators according to color (yellow to yellow, red to red, and green to green).
19. Install the supplied black strain relief to secure the power supply wires in the housing.
20. Connect the display cable labeled “UNIT” to the wire labeled “UNIT” located in the bottom of the evaporator compartment.
21. Attach the supplied bottle probe to the circular connector on the bottom of the unit (see Figure 1). Follow the directions on page 21 for correct installation and placement of the bottle probe.
22. Secure all wiring neatly and as close to the left wall as possible in order to minimize airflow obstruction.
23. Seal the gaps around the display cable, bottle probe cable, and power wire knockouts using the supplied three-inch pieces of cork tape. (For best results, install the cork tape inside of the unit.)
24. Repeat steps 1-23 with the second evaporator unit. (Steps 20 and 21 do not apply to the slave unit.)
25. Follow the directions on page 37 for correct installation of the wall mount grille.

Figure 1
1. Remove the knockouts that you will be using to route the line set, power wires, and drain line.
2. Remove the insulation from the knockout holes.
3. For ease of installation, remove the nine (9) screws securing the top and remove the top.
4. Follow the directions on page 22 to mount the remote display and run the display cable to the evaporator unit.
INSTALLING THE FULLY DUCTED EVAPORATOR UNITS

1. Using ¼” and ⅜” copper tubing, route the liquid and suction lines through the knockouts in the housing. Be sure to extend the tubing far enough outside of the housing to extend through the wall if necessary.

2. Wrap both sides of the copper tubing to prevent overheating.

3. To prevent oxidation, purge the system with nitrogen.

4. Braze the copper tubing to the connections on the evaporator unit.

5. Insulate the suction line using Armaflex or similar insulation.

6. Using the cable ties and cable tie mounts provided, secure the drain line to the bottom of the housing to ensure a downward slope.

7. Route the power wire, display cable, and the bottle connector through the knockouts.

8. Connect the power wires according to color: connect the ground wire to the green wire, the hot wire to the black wire, and the neutral wire to the white wire.

9. Locate the thermostat wire connections inside of the master unit.

10. Connect the 18-5 wire that was routed between the evaporators according to color (yellow to yellow, red to red, and green to green.)

11. Install the supplied black strain relief to secure the power supply wires and bottle probe wire in the housing.

12. Connect the display cable labeled “UNIT” to the wire labeled “UNIT” located in the bottom of the evaporator compartment.

13. Attach the supplied bottle probe to the circular connector on the bottom of the electrical panel. (See Figure 1.) Follow the directions on page 21 for correct installation and placement of the bottle probe.

14. Secure all wiring neatly and as close to the left wall as possible in order to minimize airflow obstruction.

15. Seal the air gaps around the display cable, bottle probe cable, and power wire knockouts by installing the supplied three-inch pieces of cork tape. (For best results, install the cork tape inside of the unit.)

16. Repeat steps 1-15 with the second evaporator unit. (Steps 12 and 13 do not apply to the slave unit.)

17. Follow the directions on page 37 for correct installation of the ducted plenum.

Figure 1
DUCTING OVERVIEW

Use ductwork to connect the unit to the supply and return outlets in the wine cellar. Use only insulated ductwork to minimize cooling losses, prevent sweating, and reduce noise. Use ductwork on the condenser section to redirect or absorb sound, bring in outside air to the unit inlet, and/or exhaust the hot air.

**NOTE:** Do not exceed a total of 25 feet for each length of ductwork run and a combined total of 50 feet for both the supply and return lengths.

Avoid crimping the flexible ducts. This reduces airflow, causing the unit to operate improperly. Be sure all ductwork and outer surfaces in contact with the airflow are insulated and have a vapor barrier on the outside. Uninsulated supply and return ducts may cause bare, exposed metal surfaces to sweat, further degrading the insulation and equipment cooling capacity.

Do not allow sharp turns to squeeze or decrease the inside diameter of the flexible ducting.

### General duct recommendations:

- Provide support for the flexible duct to prevent sags and bends.
- Platinum Split Twin duct size: 8” supply and 10” return
- Stretch out the duct to make a smoother interior which reduces air resistance.
- Maximum duct length is 25 feet per evaporator unit.
- For 90° bends, use a 90° adjustable elbow.
- No more than two 90° bends on each duct. Sweep 90° bends are recommended rather than sharp 90° bends.

**NOTE:** For every 90° bend, the system loses 13 CFM of airflow.

**NOTE:** A 12” x 12” return air filter grille must be installed to prevent contaminants from entering the cooling system. Supply duct must be insulated so it does not sweat or pick up heat.

- Generously apply duct sealant to all metal seams to fill in gaps that can leak air. Allow sealant to dry until firm to the touch before applying fiberglass insulation.
- Do not squeeze or reduce the inside diameter of the ducts, as this will reduce airflow.
- Use short and straight ductwork where possible.
- Check that all fan blades move freely.
- Keep air paths free of loose foreign objects and debris.
- To provide adequate airflow the fan speed must be set to high when the unit is ducted.
- Locate the supply and return grilles inside the cellar to create an airflow pattern that maximizes air circulation in the room. Avoid short circulation of the air.
- If the unit is installed through the wall, it must be mounted no more than 18 inches from the wine cellar ceiling. If the unit is ducted, the cold air supply duct must be installed no more than 18 inches from the wine cellar ceiling.

### DO NOT:

- Install through-the-wall return air grilles at floor level where they will collect dust from the floor.
- Locate the supply or return air grille where it is blocked by bottles, boxes, or cases.
DUCTING CONFIGURATIONS

There are several ways to duct this unit. Please review the different configurations to determine a basis for your particular installation. Remember to contact a wine cellar professional if you have any questions.

Indoor Installation

Attic Installation
It is recommended that you use a condensate pan for this application.
DRAIN LINE

Condensation Drain Line (not provided, but required)
The condensation drain line tube moves excess condensation from the evaporator unit to a proper discharge location. It is important for the drain line tube to be properly connected in order to prevent leakage and other problems associated with excess condensation. (Each evaporator requires its own dedicated drain line.)

**Failure to use the condensation drain line tube will void the warranty on the unit.**

Drain Line
Each evaporator comes with a drain line connection tee and two 90° fittings. Each unit is equipped with a ½” OD barbed fitting coming from the drip tray. (NOTE: ½” ID clear PVC tubing will need to be purchased and installed by the installing technician.) Installation of the drain line is mandatory, whether it leads through the wall and out of the cellar or remains inside the cellar. During operation, the cooling system will strip excess water from the air in order to maintain the proper level of humidity within the cellar. However, in extreme humidity, additional condensate will be removed; thus the drain line will prevent overflow and leakage by discharging the excess condensate.

Routing the tubing out of the unit:
Cut a small piece of ½” tubing and connect one end to the drip tray port and the other to a 90° fitting. (This will direct the tubing toward the back of the unit where the tube will exit the unit.) Be sure to extend the tubing far enough outside the housing to extend through the wall if necessary.

**If routing out of the rear:** Cut a piece of tubing long enough to protrude out of the knockout on the back side of the unit.

**If routing out of the bottom:** Cut a piece of tubing long enough to reach the knockout in the bottom of the unit and install the supplied 90° fitting. (This will direct the tubing out of the bottom of the unit without the risk of kinking the tubing.) **DO NOT USE TEE WHEN ROUTING OUT OF THE BOTTOM.**

Routing to discharge location if routed out of the bottom:
Connect the drain line directly to the second 90° barb fitting previously installed. Route the drain line to an appropriate drain location. No tee is required if draining through the bottom of the unit.

Routing to discharge location if routed out of the rear:
Insert the middle barb of the barbed tee fitting into the end of the drain line coming from the evaporator. Rotate fitting so tee is in the orientation shown in the diagram below. Connect a 3-inch piece of ½” drain line to the barb on top. Connect the remaining “long” piece of drain tubing to the bottom barb of the tee. Route the drain line to an appropriate drain location.

**NOTE:** The fitting should be placed vertically with the 3” cutout facing up.

**Failure to install the drain line voids the warranty.**

**To prevent mold from growing, allow the drain line to hang above the water line.**

**WRONG:** Drain line is under water.
LIQUID-MEASURING THERMOSTAT SYSTEM (BOTTLE PROBE)

WhisperKOOL cooling units come with a liquid-temperature-measuring thermostat. The self-calibrating probe contains a sensor chip, which communicates back and forth with the thermostat. This results in a consistent temperature setting and accuracy. Wine should be kept at a very precise, controlled temperature and humidity. By measuring the liquid temperature rather than air, the unit will operate 75–80% of the time. (Both units will run according to the master unit’s bottle probe.)

Setting up the Bottle Probe:
1. Locate an empty wine bottle.
2. Fill it 75% full with room-temperature tap water.
3. Place bottle probe securely into bottle as seen in Figure 1.
4. Place bottle off to the side of the unit in your wine cellar, with the probe level.
5. To ensure a consistent temperature, place bottle probe approximately three (3) feet away from the air output and not in the flow of the air.

It is recommended that the bottle be placed in a central location of your wine cellar. Avoid pulling too much on the probe cord. It may become disconnected resulting in limited functionality of the unit.

NOTE: The thermostat can be set between 50–70°F.

Remember: The unit operates based on the temperature of the water.
Do not be misled by thermostats reading air temperature. The air temperature in the cellar will be cooler than the liquid temperature of the wine while it is reaching the optimum balanced temperature.
REMOTE DISPLAY: INSTALLATION AND CONFIGURATION

Tools needed: 5/16” drill bit, 3/16” drill bit, drywall saw, level, pencil

What's included: Display panel, wall mount bracket, flush mount bracket, flush mount template

WALL MOUNT BRACKET INSTALLATION

1. Place the bracket on the wall. Use a level to ensure that the bracket is level. Using a pencil, mark the four screw holes in the rear of the bracket.

NOTE: Cut hole in the location shown for routing the display cable.
2. Using a drill with a ⅜” bit, drill four holes in the drywall for the screws. Insert the four (4) provided drywall anchors into the drywall, then tap them in with a hammer until they are flush with the wall.

3. Place bracket against wall, aligning screw holes with drywall anchors. Insert the four supplied Phillips-head screws into the drywall anchors. Tighten the screws to secure the bracket to the wall.
5. Place the display on the wall mount bracket as shown, attaching the back of the display panel to the magnets on the mounting bracket. Make sure that the alignment tab on the back of the display panel sits in the notch on the bottom of the bracket.

4. Connect the end of the display cable labeled “DISPLAY” to the JST connector on the back of the display.

**NOTE:** Before you continue to Step 4, locate the area where the display will be mounted. You may route the display wire into the housing one of three ways: either through the wall or through one of the holes on the top or bottom edges of the wall mount bracket. If you’d like to route the display cable through one of these holes, place a rubber grommet into the hole and then route the display cable through the grommet and into the wall mount bracket.
**FLUSH MOUNT BRACKET INSTALLATION**

1. Square the flush mount template on the wall using a level. Then draw a 3” line along the bottom edge of the template.

2. Peel the backing off the template and stick it to the wall, aligning the bottom edge with the line drawn in Step 1.

3. Use a 5/16” drill bit to drill a hole in the center of each cross (+).

4. Cut along the perforated lines. When finished, remove template from wall.
5. Remove the backing from the double-sided tape on the flush mount bracket.

6. Align magnets with previously drilled holes. Make sure the cut-out portion of the bracket (circled below) is on the bottom. Press the bracket firmly against the wall.
7. Connect the end of the display cable to the JST connector on the display panel.

8. Place the display on the flush mount bracket as shown, attaching the back of the display panel to the magnets on the mounting bracket. Make sure that the alignment tab on the back of the display panel sits in the notch on the bottom of the bracket.
PLATINUM SPLIT TWIN SLAVE EVAPORATOR WIRING DIAGRAM

LEGEND

Field Installed
--------------------
Factory Installed

115V LINE
115V NEUTRAL
GROUND

BLACK
WHITE
GREEN

BLACK
WHITE
GREEN

YELLOW
WHITE
GREEN

1 4

1 4

1 4

1 4

Evaporator Fan

24V 18-5 THERMOSTAT WIRING
WIRES COMING FROM MASTER UNIT

PT 020419
COPELAND COLD WEATHER START KIT WIRING DIAGRAM

COPELAND 9,000 CWSK

L2  L1

Black  Black

TS

HEATER

COPELAND 9,000 CWSK
PREPARING THE CONDENSING UNIT

Electrical Needs
The condensing unit requires a dedicated 230V single-phase 15-amp circuit. The unit draws a large inrush current for about 1 second the instant the compressor starts. With a dedicated circuit and circuit breaker, the condensing unit will have sufficient power for effective operation. (The compressor is controlled by a low-pressure switch mounted on the condensing unit. This feature eliminates the need for wiring between the evaporator unit/fan coil unit and the condensing unit.)

- Ensure the voltage supplied matches the rating specified on the unit spec label.
- Provide a dedicated circuit and circuit breaker for the condensing unit.
- Provide a weatherproof disconnect for the condensing unit if it is located outside.

Power surges and spikes can damage sensitive electrical equipment. WhisperKOOL recommends plugging the unit into a surge protector or power conditioner in order to protect your system. As outlined in our terms and conditions, power surges and spikes are not covered under warranty.

DO NOT USE A GROUND FAULT INTERRUPTER (GFI) WITH THIS PRODUCT.

In case the system should lose power, check the home/main circuit breaker. If the system does not respond properly, refer to the Troubleshooting Guide on page 50.

INSTALLING THE CONDENSING UNIT

The condensing unit can be installed inside a well-ventilated area of the home, but is typically installed outside. Exterior applications will require the use of a protective housing. The amount of sun exposure should be considered when selecting the placement of the condensing unit. The condensing unit requires a dedicated 15-amp circuit (non-GFI). Make sure there is a minimum of three (3) feet of horizontal clearance in every direction around the unit (five feet is ideal). The unit may either be hard-wired or plug-in, depending on local electrical codes.

**Indoor condensing unit installations:** Inside installations require special consideration, as there must be adequate ventilation to remove the heat created during normal operations. An exhaust port with fan may need to be installed to ensure that heat is effectively removed from the utility room. There must be a return grille or provision for 500 - 600 CFM of cool air to enter the room to replace the exhausted air. Unobstructed airflow to and from the unit is a critical factor in the unit's overall performance. Make sure there is a minimum of three (3) feet of horizontal clearance in every direction around the unit (five feet is ideal). This will assure that the unit can move the air around the room in an efficient manner.

**Outdoor condensing unit installations:** You must utilize the exterior condensing unit housing for outdoor installations. Place the condensing unit on a solid foundation in a location with adequate ventilation. Make sure there is a minimum of three (3) feet of horizontal clearance in every direction around the unit (five feet is ideal). The unit should be elevated 18 inches in order to avoid any possible flooding or damage by animals, and should be clear of leaves, dirt, and other debris.
LINE SET PIPING DIAGRAMS

It is required to size the suction line tubing according to this chart.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Platinum Split Twin</th>
<th>Line Set Length</th>
<th>&lt;25ft</th>
<th>26-50ft</th>
<th>50-100ft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Line Set Length</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vertical Rise</td>
<td></td>
<td>15ft</td>
<td>&lt;3ft</td>
<td>&gt;10ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suction Line Sizing</td>
<td></td>
<td>3/4&quot;</td>
<td>7/8&quot;</td>
<td>7/8&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid Line Sizing</td>
<td></td>
<td>3/8&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Condensing Unit Installed Below Fan Coil**

Option 1

**Example**

---

**Condensing Unit Installed More Than 3’ Above Fan Coil**

Option 2

---

SINGLE FAN/COIL PIPING SYSTEM

Recommended refrigerant piping design for conventional factory supplied fan coil and air cooled condensing unit components. Refrigerant line lengths in excess of 90' not recommended.

This drawing applies to condensing unit location at or below the elevation of the fan coil unit. Suction pipe to be insulated with 1/2” wall insulation (Armaflex brand) or equal.
INSTALLING THE CONDENSING UNIT

Refrigerant Piping Overview

- Using the charts and illustrations found above, route the line set between the evaporator units and the condensing unit. Be sure to reference the chart for correct line set sizing. All horizontal suction piping should be pitched toward the condensing unit half an inch for every 10 feet of pipe. When installing and routing the line set, cap both ends of each tube to prevent debris from entering the tubing.
- Prior to connecting the piping to the evaporator and condensing units, loosely connect a refrigerant manifold to the suction and liquid line service valves.
  - Purge the hoses with dry nitrogen and tighten the hose connections.
  - Remove the service valve caps and turn the valve stem clockwise half a turn to unseat the valve and open the service port. Keep the piping ports sealed until ready to braze.
- Purge the fittings with dry nitrogen at a slow rate to prevent formation of highly abrasive copper oxide.
- Perform all brazes.
- Pressure-test the system and check for leaks.
- Insulate the suction line using wall cellular insulation or equivalent. Seal all seams with Armaflex 520 foam insulation adhesive or equivalent. Wrap each seam using line set tape.

Liquid Line Piping Procedure

- Braze a short piece of copper tubing to the liquid line service valve.
- Connect the supplied refrigerant drier to the tubing.
- Downstream from the drier, connect the moisture-indicating sight glass in an easily visible location.
- Run the tubing to the evaporator units and attach to the liquid line connection on the evaporator units.

Suction Piping Procedure

- Install an access valve at the outlet of the evaporator units.
- Connect an appropriately sized suction line to the suction line service valve on the condensing unit.
- Run the pre-insulated suction line to the evaporator units and attach to the suction line connection on the evaporator units.

Brazing Procedure

- Connect the bottle probe to the master evaporator unit.
- Fill a wine bottle 75% full of room-temperature water. Insert the bottle probe into the neck of the bottle as far as possible. It is important that the bottle probe stopper be compressed by the neck of the bottle to ensure water will not leak.
- Energize the master evaporator unit and set the controller to call for cooling.
- Verify that the setpoint on the control is set low enough to allow the unit to run for the entire length of the brazing, evacuation, and charging procedure.
- Remove the valve depressors from the gauge hoses on a four-valve manifold.
- Connect the manifold to the low-pressure service valve port on the condensing unit and a nitrogen tank.
- Open the suction line service valve and purge the system with nitrogen.
- Braze all connections and cool off quickly.
- Cap the access valve on the suction line.
- Connect the high-pressure hose from the manifold to the liquid line service valve port.
- Pressure test the system at 250 psig for 30 minutes.
- Check all braze joints with leak detector or soap bubbles.
- Release the nitrogen once it is confirmed that there are no leaks.
INSTALLING THE CONDENSING UNIT (continued)

Evacuation
- Remove the nitrogen tank from the manifold and attach the manifold to the refrigerant tank.
- Install a micron gauge on the access valve near each evaporator unit.
- Mid-seat both service valves.
- Install service caps on the valves.
- Energize the liquid line solenoid valve.
- After confirming that there is fresh oil in the vacuum pump, connect the ⅜” hose from the manifold to the pump.
- Start the pump and run it until the micron gauge on each evaporator unit reads 200 microns or less.
- Disconnect the vacuum pump from the system.
- Break the vacuum with R-134a refrigerant.
- Remove the micron gauge from the access valve.

Charging
- Install a low-pressure gauge on the access valve near each evaporator unit.
- With the power off to the condensing unit, admit liquid refrigerant through the liquid line service valve until the refrigerant stops flowing.
- Turn on the circuit breaker for the condensing unit. The compressor should turn on if the pressure in the suction line is above 25 psig.
- Add refrigerant through the suction line service valve by throttling in small amounts of liquid refrigerant in two-second intervals. (Refrigerant must be throttled in or the compressor may be damaged.) Observe the sight glass. If bubbles are present, add more refrigerant until the sight glass is clear.
- Once the sight glass is clear, check the superheat at the suction line service valve. Adjust the TXV until the total superheat is between 20-30°F.
- Under normal operation, with the wine cellar at 55°F and the ambient temperature at 85°F, the low side pressure should be between 28-32 psig and the high side should be between 160-180 psig.

Finalizing the Installation
- Confirm that the entire suction line from the TXV to the suction line service valve is insulated using cellular insulation or equivalent. Seal all seams with Armaflex 520 foam insulation adhesive or equivalent.
- Confirm that the control is displaying the correct temperature and that no alarms are present. Refer to page 45 for corrective action if alarms are present.
INSTALLING THE WALL MOUNT KIT

1. If removed, reinstall the top panel of the unit housing.
2. Align the front grille with the four (4) ball studs on the housing. Push the front grille onto the ball studs until it snaps into place.
3. Using a Phillips-head screwdriver, fasten the bottom two (2) screws to fasten the grille to the unit.

INSTALLING THE DUCTED PLENUM

1. If removed, reinstall the top panel of the unit housing.
2. Align duct plenum with the four (4) ball studs on the housing. Push the duct plenum onto the ball studs until it snaps into place.
3. Using a Phillips-head screwdriver, fasten the bottom two (2) screws to fasten the plenum to the unit.
4. Connect the supply and return duct work to the unit.
5. Using duct tape or foil tape, seal the seam between the plenum and unit.
6. Insulate all exposed metal on the unit to prevent surface condensation.

NOTE: Max ducting length is 25 feet per evaporator unit.
Use a ¼” nut driver to remove the screws securing the cover to the compressor electrical compartment.

Remove the cover as shown.
Step # 3

Pull the controller panel forward and rest it in the down position to expose the internal compartment.

Step # 4

Route the required 208/230V power wires into the open clamp on the enclosure.
Copeland Wiring Procedure

Step # 5

Tighten the screws on the clamp to secure wire casing or conduit in place.

Step # 6

- Connect Line 1 wire to the L1 lever connector.
- Connect Line 2 wire to the L2 lever connector.
- Connect ground wire to G lever connector.
Push wires back into enclosure and place the controller panel back in place.

Re-install cover.
SYSTEM OPERATION

Initial Start-Up
When the unit is plugged in and power is sent to the controller, a beep will sound, confirming that the controller is getting power. All LEDs on the display will blink three times. Three dashes will then appear on the screen. All display LEDs will then blink three times. Once the controller has gone through the initial startup process, and all LEDs have cycled, the home screen will be displayed.

Setpoint
The setpoint is preset at the factory to 55°F. It can be adjusted by the customer between 50–70°F in one-degree increments.

Indoor Fan Operation
The indoor fan will run when the controller is calling for cooling and turn off once the cooling cycle has ended. During the cooling cycle, the system will remove some relative humidity from the cellar. Some of the humidity that was removed can be reintroduced into the cellar by adjusting the “fan on” and “fan off” functions. (The cooling system is not equipped with a humidifier and does not add humidity.)

The FOF cycle should be shortened first. This will reduce the amount of time that the fan remains off following a cooling cycle. When the unit has completed a cooling cycle, the compressor and the condenser fan will turn off, but the indoor fan will continue to run for whatever length of time the customer has set. The Fon function may then be lengthened to allow the fan to run longer and reintroduce moisture from the evaporator coil back into the wine cellar.

For more information about fan settings, refer to the User Menu on page 47.

Anti-Short Cycle
The Anti-Short Cycle ensures that the unit will remain off for a period of five minutes after the unit has reached the setpoint. This allows the pressure in the refrigeration system to equalize prior to starting the compressor.

Once the solenoid relay is de-energized, the controller must wait five minutes before reenergizing the relay. This prevents the compressor from repeatedly turning off and on. If the unit is calling for cooling during this time, the compressor icon will blink, indicating that cooling is needed but the controller is waiting for the Anti-Short Cycle delay.

Anti-Frost Cycle
When the evaporator probe senses a temperature of 26°F for a duration of one minute, an Anti-Frost Cycle will be initiated. This will shut down the compressor, allowing the evaporator fan to run and melt any frost accumulation on the coil. While the Anti-Frost Cycle is running, “dEF” will be displayed on the screen.

The compressor will remain off until the evaporator coil reaches 40°F, or for a maximum of one hour. The unit will then return to normal operation.

Operation in Low Ambient Temperatures
The condensing unit comes equipped with a LAC (Low Ambient Control). The LAC is a three-way modulating valve that responds to discharge pressure. When the discharge pressure falls below the valve’s dome pressure, the valve modulates open to the discharge port which allows discharge gas to bypass the condenser. Mixing the discharge gas with the liquid creates high pressure at the condenser outlet, reducing the flow and causing liquid to backup in the condenser. Flooding the condenser reduces the area available for condensing. This reduction in condenser surface area results in a rise in condensing pressure during cold ambient conditions.

The condensing unit controller is preset at the factory. The cut-in pressure is preset to 25psi and the cut-out pressure at 15psi. During low ambient temperatures (40°F or below), it will be necessary to adjust the cut-in pressure to 10-15psi (15psi is preferred) and the cut-out to 5psi to ensure compressor startup. See page 48 for instructions on adjusting the cut-in and cut-out pressures of the condensing unit.

Digital Display
The display is designed to give the user the ability to adjust the setpoint, Fon/FOF parameters, and other settings. (See User Menu on page 47 for more details.) The bottle probe temperature is displayed by default. “dEF” will be displayed during an Anti-Frost Cycle. The bottle probe and evaporator probe temperatures can be accessed by pushing the SET button and scrolling through “Pb1” (bottle probe) and “Pb2” (evaporator probe). The light button may be used as an unlock button.

Safety Features
In the event of a faulty bottle probe, the compressor will cycle off for 10 minutes and on for 40 minutes. “E1” will be displayed on the screen.

Alarms
See “Alarm Codes” in the Controller Functions chart.
Platinum Twin

DISPLAY LAYOUT

- Compressor is on
- Fan is on
- Anti-Frost Cycle running
- Alarm is present

- View/Change Setpoint
  - Enter User Menu *(hold for 3 sec)*

- Power On/Off

- Scroll Button
  - Change Setpoint

- Unlock Button
  - *(hold for 1 sec)*

- Return to Previous Menu

- Scroll Button
  - Change Setpoint
## CONTROLLER FUNCTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Button</th>
<th>Normal Functions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>INITIAL STARTUP</strong></td>
<td>When the unit is plugged in and power is sent to the controller, a beep will sound, confirming that the controller is getting power. All LEDs on the display will blink three times. Three dashes will then appear on the screen. All display LEDs will then blink three times. Once the controller has gone through the initial startup process, and all LEDs have cycled, the home screen will be displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>UNLOCKING THE DISPLAY</strong></td>
<td>Press and hold any button for one second to unlock the display. (A white LED will appear in the top left corner of the button being pressed.) A beep will sound, signifying that the display is unlocked. <strong>NOTE:</strong> The display must be unlocked before any button functions become available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ON/OFF</strong></td>
<td>To turn the unit ON, press and hold the ON/OFF button until the red LED turns OFF. To turn the unit OFF, press and hold the ON/OFF button until the red LED turns ON.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>UP/DOWN</strong></td>
<td>The up and down arrows are used to navigate through menus and adjust parameters such as setpoint, Fon/FOF, etc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **SET** | - To change the setpoint, press the SET button. When “SEt” is displayed on the screen, press the SET button once more. Use the UP and DOWN ARROW buttons in order to change the value until the desired setpoint is reached.  
  - The SET button allows you to view the setpoint, evaporator temperature, bottle temperature, alarms, and the hidden menu.  
  - Press the SET button once. “SEt” will be displayed. Press the UP or DOWN ARROW buttons to scroll through ALr, Pb1, or Pb2.  
  - Press the SET button again to view any of these values.  
  - Hold the SET button for approximately 5 seconds to enter the User Menu. (More information about the User Menu is available on page 47.)  
  - Other parameters in the User Menu which are not available for adjustment include: idF, rEL, and LAn. |
| **ESC** | This button confirms changes made to parameters such as the setpoint and returns you to the previous menu. |
| **LIGHT** | The light function is not in use. However, this button can still be used to unlock the display. |
## ICON GLOSSARY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **SNOWFLAKE**      | **Blinking:** The unit is calling for cooling, but must wait five minutes before restarting the compressor. This five-minute delay serves as an Anti-Short Cycle for the compressor's protection.  
                        **Constant:** The unit is in cooling mode and the condensing unit is running. |
| **DRIPPING SNOWFLAKE** | The unit is undergoing an Anti-Frost Cycle. While the Anti-Frost Cycle is running, “dEF” will be displayed on the screen. See System Operation page for further details. |
| **FAN**            | The evaporator fan is running.                                           |
| **ALARM**          | The alarm icon is shown when the unit encounters an issue that needs attention. Alarm codes are explained on the following page. All temperature-related alarms are blocked for the first 10 hours after the unit is plugged in to allow the system to stabilize and acclimate to the new environment. |
### ALARM CODES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
<td>Bottle probe is not connected</td>
<td>Attach bottle probe to circular connector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Faulty bottle probe connection</td>
<td>Locate faulty bottle probe connection by inspecting all wiring connections between the bottle probe and the circuit board. The two-pin connector for the bottle probe should be connected to the CPB/PB1 terminal on the circuit board. If it is not connected, plug it in. If a faulty connection has been identified, correct the issue or contact customer service for further assistance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defective bottle probe</td>
<td>Replace the bottle probe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2</td>
<td>Faulty evaporator probe connection</td>
<td>Locate faulty evaporator probe connection by inspecting evaporator probe wire. The two-pin connector for the evaporator probe should be connected to the CPB/PB2 terminal on the circuit board. If it is not connected, plug it in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defective evaporator probe</td>
<td>Replace the evaporator probe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E7</td>
<td>No communication between keypad and circuit board for 60 seconds</td>
<td>Verify that the display cable is connected to the keypad and the circuit board and is not damaged, frayed, or kinked. If problem persists, contact Customer Service for troubleshooting information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E10</td>
<td>Clock battery is dead</td>
<td>Replace battery</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** A dead clock battery will not affect the operation of your cooling unit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EA</td>
<td>Unit is not draining properly</td>
<td>1. Check to see that the unit is level; if not, level it 2. Verify that the drain line is not clogged; if so, clear obstruction 3. Ensure that the condensate pump is operating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The bottle probe is sensing a temperature that is 8°F above the setpoint</td>
<td>1. Allow time for the wine to reach the desired temperature 2. Ensure that the cellar is sealed properly 3. Verify that the bottle probe is calibrated correctly (refer to the User Menu on the following page) 4. Verify that the unit is sized correctly for the cellar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AH1</td>
<td>The bottle probe is sensing a temperature that is 8°F below the setpoint</td>
<td>1. Make sure the unit is not in cooling mode (the snowflake icon will not be illuminated) 2. Add heat to the room until the wine reaches the desired temp 3. Verify that the bottle probe is calibrated correctly (refer to the User Menu on the following page)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AL1</td>
<td>The Anti-Frost Cycle ended on time-out</td>
<td>1. Check the evaporator coil for ice buildup. Unplug the unit and allow the coil to thaw before restarting. 2. Make sure the room to which the unit is exhausting is not below 60°F 3. If the unit repeatedly goes into Anti-Frost Cycles (one per minute), call Customer Service for more troubleshooting information</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The User Menu is accessed by **pressing and holding the SET button for 3 seconds.** Use the UP and DOWN ARROW buttons to navigate to desired parameters. Press the SET button again to view these parameters. Press the UP and DOWN ARROW buttons to adjust a parameter.

The following parameters are available in the menu:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fdc - humidity enhancement</strong></td>
<td>This parameter is measured in minutes, and is preset at the factory to 1. An increase in this parameter will increase the humidity enhancement of your cellar. This parameter should not be adjusted to zero. Adjustments should be made in increments of 5, with a maximum of 15 and a minimum of 1. After making any adjustments to humidity enhancement, <strong>you should wait a minimum of 3 days</strong> before making any additional adjustments. This will allow sufficient time for the cellar to acclimate to the new setting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FOF - “fan off”</strong></td>
<td>This setting controls how long the fan stays off after the setpoint has been reached. It is preset to 15 minutes. This setting should not be adjusted, as most properly constructed wine cellars retain an ample amount of humidity during the “fan off” cycle. If, however, you wish to decrease the duration of the “fan off” cycle (in order to increase the wine cellar’s relative humidity), you can adjust this setting in the User Menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fon - “fan on”</strong></td>
<td>The “fan on” time is preset to zero minutes. This keeps the relative humidity of the wine cellar at a stable level. If, however, you wish to raise the relative humidity of your wine cellar, you can increase the duration of the “fan on” cycle in increments of five (5, 10, or 15 minutes). After making any adjustment to the “fan on” cycle, <strong>you should wait a minimum of 3 days</strong> before making any additional adjustments. This will allow sufficient time for the cellar to acclimate to the new setting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CA1 - bottle probe (Pb1) calibration</strong></td>
<td>You may use this parameter to calibrate the bottle probe to a known temperature. This parameter can be adjusted between -12°F and 12°F. For example, if the bottle probe temperature is 58°F, and the known temperature is 55°F, you can set the CA1 parameter to -3°F to match the known temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PA2 - installer menu</strong></td>
<td>This menu is only accessible using a password and is not available for adjustment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>dOA - digital input</strong></td>
<td>This setting determines which of the unit’s components will be activated or deactivated when a certain electrical relay is activated or deactivated in response to an alarm. The controller comes pre-programmed with a factory setting of 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 = activates the compressor and fans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 = disables the compressor and fans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NOTE:</strong></td>
<td>Setting the dOA to any number other than 2 or 5 will prevent the unit from operating properly.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Emerson™ Electronic Unit Controller**

**Quick setup and troubleshooting guide**

### Adjusting Low Pressure Settings

- **Hold** DOWN and SET simultaneously for 3 seconds to enter menu (PSI light will flash)
- **Cycle** through menu options – UP/DOWN
- **Select** function – SET
- **Adjust** value – UP/DOWN
- **Store** function – SET
- **Exit** menu - UP and SET

- **Book of Alarms** – to enter alarm menu
- **Compressor Fan light 1 & 2** (Fan cycle units only)
- **Module Restart** – push to reset the HPL, DLL lock out faults (cycle power)
- **Set** – Displays set point. In programming mode, it confirms an operation
- **Service** – to enter service menu

**Low Pressure Cut-In**  
**Low Pressure Cut-Out**

### Accessing Alarm Code Information

- Press and release ALARM
- **Cycle** through menu options – UP/DOWN
- Press SET to see number of alarms
- Press SET again to return to menu options
- **Exit** menu - UP and SET

### Accessing Service Menu

- Hold SERVICE for 3 seconds
- **Cycle** through menu options – UP/DOWN
- Press SET to see number of alarms
- Press SET again to return to menu options
- **Exit** menu - UP and SET

### Alarm Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pof</td>
<td>Keypad locked</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pon</td>
<td>Keypad unlocked</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P1</td>
<td>Suction probe failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P2</td>
<td>Condenser probe failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P3</td>
<td>DLT probe failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HA</td>
<td>High condenser temperature alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dLt</td>
<td>DLT temperature alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dLl</td>
<td>DLT lock alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HP</td>
<td>High pressure trip alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HPL</td>
<td>High pressure trip lock-out alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EE</td>
<td>Module Failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOC</td>
<td>Number of lock-outs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Code Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>StH</td>
<td>Compressor Starts –1000 -999999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>StL</td>
<td>Compressor Starts –0 -999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHH</td>
<td>Compressor Hours -1000 -999999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLH</td>
<td>Compressor Hours -0 -999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F1H</td>
<td>Fan 1 Hours -1000 -999999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F1L</td>
<td>Fan 1 Hours -0 -999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F2H</td>
<td>Fan 2 Hours -1000 -999999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F2L</td>
<td>Fan 2 Hours -0 -999</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example: If StH=12 and StL=500, the total number of compressor starts=12,500

Note: After 15 seconds of inactivity the controller will revert to the default display.

For more information visit EmersonClimate.com/ElectronicUnitController or call 1-888-367-9950

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*For more information visit EmersonClimate.com/ElectronicUnitController or call 1-888-367-9950*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display</th>
<th>Likely Causes</th>
<th>Other Possible Causes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Controller display remains blank after applying power</td>
<td>• Unit power not properly applied - check for proper applied voltage</td>
<td>• Power cable miswired – inspect cable, replace if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Power cable harness not plugged in properly or securely into the back of the controller – check connections</td>
<td>• Electrical assembly miswired – trace wiring diagrams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller displays correctly, but the green compressor light is off and the compressor is not running</td>
<td>• Jumper cable not plugged in properly or securely into the back of the controller – check connections</td>
<td>• Jumper cable miswired – inspect cable, replace if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Controller is currently above the cut-in setting – check cut-in and cut-out settings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller displays correctly and the green compressor light is on and the compressor is not running</td>
<td>• Power cable harness not plugged in properly or securely into the back of the controller – check connections</td>
<td>• Power cable not wired to the contactor or compressor correctly, check wiring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Power cable miswired – inspect cable, replace if needed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller flashes “135” or “P1”</td>
<td>• Current system pressure is above 135 PSIG – wait for system to pull down</td>
<td>• Transducer cable miswired – inspect cable, replace if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Green harness not plugged in properly or securely into the back of the controller – check connections</td>
<td>• Damaged transducer – inspect transducer, replace if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Cable not connected properly with the pressure transducer – check connections</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller flashes “P2” on a unit with fan cycling</td>
<td>• Green harness not plugged in properly or securely into the back of the controller – check connections</td>
<td>• Transducer cable miswired – inspect cable, replace if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Check condenser temperature sensor resistance values against table in AE-1376, Section 8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller flashes “P2” on a unit without fan cycling after replacing a controller</td>
<td>• Controller not programmed properly – check parameters in the advanced menu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller flashes “P3” on a unit with DLT</td>
<td>• Jumper cable not plugged in properly or securely into the back of the controller – check connections</td>
<td>• Jumper cable miswired – inspect cable, replace if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Faulty DLT temperature sensor – check the discharge line temperature sensor resistance values against table in AE-1376, Section 8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller flashes “P3” on a unit without DLT after replacing a controller</td>
<td>• Controller not programmed properly – check parameters in the advanced menu</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fans not running on a fan cycling unit and the fan lights are not on</td>
<td>• Condensing temperature is currently below the fan cut-in</td>
<td>• Transducer cable miswired – inspect cable, replace if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Condensing temperature sensor not properly installed – check installation</td>
<td>• Faulty temperature sensor - check condenser temperature sensor resistance values against table in AE-1376, Section 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fans not running on a fan cycling unit and the fan lights are on</td>
<td>• Power cable harness not plugged in properly or securely into the back of the controller – check connections</td>
<td>• Power cable miswired – inspect cable, replace if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Electrical assembly miswired – trace wiring diagrams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller flashes “HP” at power-up</td>
<td>• Jumper cable not plugged in properly or securely into the back of the controller – check connections</td>
<td>• Jumper cable miswired – inspect cable, replace if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• High pressure switch is seeing above the cut-out pressure</td>
<td>• Faulty fixed Hp switch – inspect switch, replace if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• For a replacing an -00 controller, ensure that the jumper cable is xed Hp switch</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller flashes “HP” or “HPL”</td>
<td>• System operation causing high discharge pressures, check system operations</td>
<td>• Bad high pressure switch, verify system pressure when the pressure switch trips.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Electrical assembly miswired – trace wiring diagrams</td>
<td>• See AE-1376, Section 7.2 for more details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller flashes “DLT” or “DLL”</td>
<td>• System operation causing high discharge line temperatures, check system operations</td>
<td>• Faulty temperature sensor - check DLT sensor values against table in section 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• See AE-1376, Section 7.1 for more details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller flashing “HPL” or “DLL”</td>
<td>• System operation causing high discharge pressures (HPL) or high discharge line temperatures (DLL) repeatedly, check system operations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• To clear an “HPL” or “DLL” lockout, you can hold the Restart button for 3 seconds twice, or cycle power to the unit. If using the reset button, the alarm condition will have to clear (DLT temperature drops or Hp switch resets), and any minimum off time will need to complete (5 minutes for the fixed Hp switch)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# WHISPERKOOL TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

## Ice forming on the evaporator units

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Evaporator filters or coils are dirty</td>
<td>Remove the filters and wash them, then clean the coils with a vacuum. If coils are very dirty, use a spray bottle with a small amount of liquid dish detergent or coil cleaner. Spray coils, let set for five minutes, then flush with fresh water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There is something blocking the supply and/or return air</td>
<td>Remove blockage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The evaporator fans are not turning on</td>
<td>Call a service tech to troubleshoot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The evaporator units have not gone through an Anti-Frost Cycle yet</td>
<td>Check the coils for surface ice. Melt with blow drier until coils are warm to the touch. Soak up water with a towel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If evaporator units continue to ice</td>
<td>Observe ice formation pattern. If only part way up the coil face, the system could be low on refrigerant. If all the way up, the coils may be dirty or airflow is blocked.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## System does not run/power up

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Evaporator units are not plugged in</td>
<td>Make sure the units are plugged into an outlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power switch not on</td>
<td>Turn unit on by pressing the power button on the control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line voltage rating is incorrect for the system</td>
<td>Check line voltage to make sure there is 110V-120V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bottle at setpoint</td>
<td>Lower setpoint</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermostat not calling for cooling</td>
<td>Lower setpoint</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faulty thermostat or wiring</td>
<td>Call Customer Service at 1-800-343-9463</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Cellar temperature is too warm

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The temperature of the room to which the condensing unit exhausts exceeds 110°F</td>
<td>Intake temperature needs to drop below 110°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The system is undersized for the cellar</td>
<td>Order correctly sized system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There is something blocking the supply and/or return air on the evaporator units or the condensing unit</td>
<td>Remove airflow obstruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporator units are mounted too low in the cellar</td>
<td>Relocate units so the distance from the ceiling and top of the unit is no more than 18”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One or more of the fans is not turning on</td>
<td>Please contact the installing technician to troubleshoot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressor is not turning on</td>
<td>Please contact the installing technician to troubleshoot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressor keeps cycling on overload</td>
<td>Make sure all fans are working and there is no airflow obstruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor seal around door or other areas requiring a seal (around the unit, wall joints, etc.)</td>
<td>Make sure there are no air gaps around the door. If door seal is damaged, replace it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setpoint too high</td>
<td>Lower the setpoint</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporator coils are frosted or iced up</td>
<td>Observe ice formation pattern. If only part way up the coil face, the system could be low on refrigerant. If so, contact your installing technician to assist with troubleshooting.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## System runs constantly

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Leaky door seal or poorly insulated cellar</td>
<td>Fix leaky door seal and insulate cellar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Units leak water

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Evaporator units are not level</td>
<td>Evaporator units should be level on the wall to prevent leaking</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drain lines are clogged or kinked</td>
<td>Check drain lines to make sure water can flow freely</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drains are clogged, preventing water from escaping</td>
<td>Disconnect drain lines and clear them out; check drains for blockage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drain lines do not have a downward slope</td>
<td>Fix drain lines so there is a downward slope from the unit to the drains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coils are iced, causing drain pans to freeze and water to overflow</td>
<td>Melt ice with blow drier. Soak up water with a towel.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## System runs but does not cool

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lack of airflow</td>
<td>Make sure fans are unobstructed and that the evaporator filter, evaporator coil, and condenser coil are clean and free of debris</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System undersized</td>
<td>Contact Customer Service at 1-800-343-9463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressor is overheating</td>
<td>Shut system off for 1 hour to allow compressor to cool. Turn back on and check for cooler air flow out. If compressor runs, check for and clean condenser coil as possible cause of compressor overheating. If problem repeats, contact your installing technician to assist with troubleshooting.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Evaporator fans run but compressor does not

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Running an Anti-Frost Cycle</td>
<td>1) If the system is maintaining the correct cellar temperature and there is a dripping snowflake symbol illuminated on the control, the system is going through an Anti-Frost Cycle. No action is required. 2) If the system is not maintaining the correct cellar temperature, this may be due to dirty evaporator filters or coils. 3) Call installing technician to troubleshoot, as the system may be low on charge or require an adjustment to the TXV.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressor and/or starting components faulty</td>
<td>Please contact the installing technician to troubleshoot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System may be performing the WHM function</td>
<td>Allow cooling system to revert back to cooling mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressor may have overheated</td>
<td>Shut system off for 1 hour to allow compressor to cool. Turn back on and check for cooler air flow out. If compressor runs, check for and clean condenser coil as possible cause of compressor overheating. If problem repeats, contact your installing technician to assist with troubleshooting.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Compressor runs but evaporator fan does not

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Faulty fan motor</td>
<td>Please contact the installing technician to troubleshoot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faulty controller</td>
<td>Please contact the installing technician to troubleshoot</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Compressor short cycles

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Evaporator units blow on bottle probe</td>
<td>Move bottle probe to a more central location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System low on refrigerant charge</td>
<td>Please contact the installing technician to troubleshoot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Condensing fan motor/capacitor faulty</td>
<td>Please contact the installing technician to troubleshoot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressor and /or starting components faulty</td>
<td>Please contact the installing technician to troubleshoot</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Humidity in cellar too low

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not enough moisture</td>
<td>Purchase and place a humidifier (or a decorative fountain) in cellar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Monthly</th>
<th>1. Check coils</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Check for unusual noise or vibration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Check the drain lines to see if they are above the waterline (if draining into a vessel)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quarterly</td>
<td>1. Use a vacuum with brush attachment to clean coils; be careful not to crush coil fins when cleaning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Change duct filters if the system is ducted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annually</td>
<td>1. Inspect for corrosion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Check wiring connections and integrity of cords</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Pour a 50/50 bleach solution into the drain lines every spring</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Care and Cleaning of
Air Cooled Condensing Units

Introduction
Proper care is essential to assure good life of condensing units. Dirty or damaged condensers will reduce the efficiency and capacity of the system.

Care must be taken in choosing solutions to be used for cleaning condensers and condensate pans. Chlorinated cleaners and anti-bacterial cleaning agents can be damaging and should be avoided. Caustic and acidic cleaners should be avoided as well. Failure to do so may accelerate component corrosion and ultimately lead to component failure.

Condenser Coils
There are many commercially available condenser coil cleaners on the market. Coil cleaners should be designed to remove build-up on fins and coils. Coils should be thoroughly rinsed of the cleaners once cleaning has been completed. Follow the manufacturers instruction for proper usage. Preventive maintenance and routine cleaning of coils is important to assure good life.

When cleaning the coil, an absorbent type material should be placed under the area to be cleaned in order to capture most of the cleaning compound, thus minimizing any type of chemical attack.

Condensate Pans
Condensing units with condensate pans and condensate tubes are designed to evaporate condensate water only. Other ingredients introduced into the condensate pan can accelerate pan and/or tube corrosion. As foreign agents are introduced into the condensate pan, condensate water will be evaporated leaving the foreign agent behind. This can lead to a high concentration of the agent and possible corrosion of the tubing and/or base.

Coil cleaning agents must not be allowed to drain into the condensate pan as this may cause damage. Upon completing the coil cleaning, be certain that all residue is removed from the condensate pan.

Only non corrosive cleaners should be used to assure good life of the condensing unit components. No hydrocarbon based cleaners should be used to clean the unit. Bleach solutions must be avoided due to its high corrosive nature.

Under no circumstances should cleaning agent ingredients contain any of the solutions listed below:

**Unacceptable solutions are:**
- Chlorinated Solvents
- Bleaches
- Vinegar
- Ammonia
- Anti-Bacterials
- Salts

Preventative Maintenance
Maintenance should be performed at regular intervals. Coils should be cleaned at least monthly, possibly more depending on the environment. Condensing units with condensate pans should also be checked and cleaned regularly to prevent damaging build up in the pan.

Safety
Please follow all safety recommendations listed by the manufacturer of the cleaning agent(s), these would include proper clothing, gloves and eye protection.
**BYPASS TEST PROCEDURE**

**NOTE:** If instructed by a WhisperKOOL representative, follow the directions below to test the cooling unit using the bypass plug provided in the accessory kit.

1. Disconnect power from the evaporator units.
2. Loosen the two (2) screws on the front of the grille or duct plenum.
3. Pull the grille or duct plenum away from the evaporator units.
4. Remove the screw securing the control panel in place.
5. Slide the control panel down, out of the evaporator housing. The control panel has two (2) hooks which allow it to attach to the evaporator units for easy serviceability.
6. Disconnect the Molex connector labeled #4.
7. Locate the bypass plug included in the accessory kit.
8. Plug the bypass plug into the male Molex connector.
9. Connect power to the evaporator units. The system should immediately turn on. If all the components are not operational, disconnect power immediately and contact customer service. If all components seem to be operating correctly, allow the system to run for four (4) hours. Monitor the temperature of the cellar to determine if the system is cooling properly.
10. Once the test is complete, remove the bypass plug. Plug the Molex connector back in to the system’s wiring.
11. Replace the control and faceplate.
**TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE**

WhisperKOOL Customer Service is available Monday through Friday from 6:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. Pacific Standard Time.

The appointed customer service representative will be able to assist you with your questions and warranty information more effectively if you provide them with the following:

- The model and serial number of your WhisperKOOL system(s).
- Location of unit and installation details, such as ventilation, ducting, construction of your wine cellar, and room size.
- Photos of the cellar and installation location may be needed.

**Contact WhisperKOOL Customer Service**

1738 E. Alpine Ave  
Stockton, CA, 95205  
www.whisperkool.com

Email: support@whisperkool.com  
Phone: 209-466-9463  
US Toll Free: 1-800-343-9463  
Fax: 209-466-4606

Visit www.emersonclimate.com/electronicunitcontroller for online brochures, bulletins, instruction videos, and general product information.

**Download the Copeland Mobile App on your mobile device for additional troubleshooting and technical information.**

**ACCESSORIES FOR COOLING UNITS**

WhisperKOOL offers accessories to enhance and customize your wine cooling unit:

**Condensate Pump Kit**

The condensate pump kit automatically removes water that drips out of the evaporator units’ drain lines. The pump is controlled by a float/switch mechanism that turns the pump on when approximately 2¼” of water collects in the tank, and automatically switches off when the tank drains to approximately 1¼”. The condensate pump kit allows the excess condensate to be pumped up to 20 feet away from the unit.

**Exterior Housing**

If the cooling unit is installed outside, it will need protection from sun, wind, and rain. The exterior housing protects the condensing unit portion of the split system from the elements when installed outdoors.

**Accessories can be purchased at www.whisperkool.com**
ATTENTION: PLEASE READ THESE TERMS OF USE CAREFULLY BEFORE INSTALLING YOUR WHISPERKOOL COOLING SYSTEM. INSTALLING YOUR WHISPERKOOL COOLING SYSTEM INDICATES THAT YOU ACCEPT AND AGREE TO EACH OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS SET FORTH HEREIN (“TERMS OF USE”). IF YOU DO NOT ACCEPT THESE TERMS OF USE, YOU RISK VOIDING YOUR WARRANTY AND ASSUMING ADDITIONAL REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT COSTS.

1. Purchase of a WhisperKOOL Cooling System assumes that the Purchaser (“End User”) fully accepts and agrees to the Terms and Conditions set forth in this document. The Terms and Conditions of Sale and Owner’s Manual are shipped with each unit and, if another copy is needed, replacement copies can be downloaded from the company website (whisperkool.com) or by contacting WhisperKOOL directly for a new copy. WhisperKOOL reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to change its Terms and Conditions at any time, for any reason, without notice.

2. WhisperKOOL Product Installation and Limited Warranty
   A. Purchaser of the product must arrange for the product to be installed by a certified HVAC/R technician in accordance with procedures set forth by WhisperKOOL and described in the WhisperKOOL Owner’s Manual.
   B. The HVAC/R technician installing the product must complete the designated portion of the Split Startup Checklist and provide licensing or certification identification number information to assist in the warranty registration process.
   C. Purchaser must return the completed Split Startup Checklist to WhisperKOOL within thirty (30) days of installation of Product. The Split Startup Checklist must be approved by WhisperKOOL to activate the Limited Warranty. If the Split Startup Checklist is approved, Purchaser will be sent activation approval documents and will start receiving the benefits of the Limited Warranty throughout the warranty period. If the Split Startup Checklist is incomplete, Purchaser will be informed they have five days to complete the Split Startup Checklist and re-submit to WhisperKOOL. The Split Startup Checklist will be reviewed again, and if denied, Purchaser will be informed that they have 10 business days for corrective action. Failure to register the Product may result in loss of warranty.
   D. Purchaser is responsible for the full costs of installation and any additional parts required for the proper and complete installation of the product.
   E. For Split Systems returned to WhisperKOOL in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Limited Warranty, WhisperKOOL warrants against defects in material and workmanship as follows:
      1. LABOR — For a period of two (2) years commencing on the date of purchase, WhisperKOOL will, at its option and discretion, reimburse up to $250 to the End User for cost incurred for servicing, repairing, removing or installing warranty parts. Invoice for service must be forwarded to WhisperKOOL for assessment and processing. The Split System warranty is invalid if there is attempted repair by anyone other than an HVAC/R technician approved by WhisperKOOL to service the Product.
      2. PARTS — For a period of two (2) years commencing on the date of purchase, WhisperKOOL will supply, at no charge, new or rebuilt replacement parts in exchange for defective parts. Replacement parts are warranted only for the remainder of the original warranty period.
      3. FREIGHT — For a period of two (2) years commencing on the date of purchase, if after WhisperKOOL approved evaluation the original Product failure is determined to be the cause of a manufacturers defect, and not the cause of an installation error or other cause, WhisperKOOL will cover at its option, freight for the replacement parts or Product.

The following part or cause of failure is not the responsibility of WhisperKOOL:
   • Improper voltage supply
   • Line set with screw connectors (high end and low end)
   • Leaks found at the braze points when performing pressure check
   • Unit that has been charged incorrectly
• Incorrect tubing diameter used on line set
• A unit that has been wired incorrectly
• Valve stem on condenser side
• Improper installation of P-Trap
• Lack of P-Trap (if required)
• Condensers that are installed outdoors or in elements that would affect operation without proper cover or housing. (Housing is available from Manufacturer).

Product Warranty Limitations and Exclusions.

1. This limited warranty does not cover cosmetic damage caused during installation, damage due to acts of God, commercial use, accident, misuse, abuse, negligence, or modification to any part of the Product. Delivery and installation of the Product, any additional parts required, as well as removal of the Product if warranty work is required, are all at the sole cost, risk and obligation of the End User.

2. This limited warranty does not cover damage due to improper installation or operation or lack of proper maintenance of the Product, connection of the Product to improper voltage supply, or attempted repair of the Product by anyone other than a technician approved by WhisperKOOL to service the Product.

3. This limited warranty does not cover any Product sold "AS IS" or “WITH ALL FAULTS.”

4. Product that has been replaced during warranty period does not extend the warranty period past the original date of purchase.

5. This limited warranty is valid only in the continental United States. Sales elsewhere are excluded from this warranty.

6. Proof of purchase of the Product in the form of a bill of sale, receipted invoice or serial number, which is evidence that the Product is within the Limited Warranty Period, must be presented by the End User to WhisperKOOL in order to obtain limited warranty service.

7. This limited warranty is void if the factory applied serial number has been altered or removed from the Product.

8. This limited warranty is voided if installed in an enclosure of insufficient design that does not follow the Product installation requirements stated herein and in the owner's manual.

9. Removing the rivets from the Product’s unit housing without prior authorization from WhisperKOOL voids this limited warranty.

10. The End User must first contact WhisperKOOL Customer Service by telephone (at 1-800-343-9463) prior to attempting service on any Product still under the limited warranty; else the limited warranty is voided.

11. This limited warranty does not cover Product being concealed by, but not limited to, vegetation, fabric, shelving, mud, snow, or dirt. Product must not be painted or limited warranty will be void.

12. This limited warranty does not cover exposure to corroding environments such as, but not limited to, petroleum and gasoline products, cleaning solvents, caustic pool chemicals, and marine air.

13. This limited warranty does not cover any cause not relating to Product defect.

14. THE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT AS PROVIDED UNDER THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF YOU, THE END USER, AS WELL AS ANYONE ELSE IN THE CHAIN OF TITLE OF THE PRODUCT, DOES NOT START A NEW LIMITED WARRANTY TIME PERIOD, AND IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES (EXPRESS OR IMPLIED) WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT. IN NO EVENT SHALL WHISPERKOOL BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR CONTINGENT DAMAGES FOR BREACH OF ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY ON THIS PRODUCT. THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY

15. AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, or allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights, which vary from state to state.

16. Failure of the End User to comply with all of the Product Installation Requirements, Maintenance Requirements and End User Requirements may, at WhisperKOOL's sole discretion, void this limited warranty.

17. No one has any authority to add to or vary the limited warranty on this Product.
3. Maintenance Requirements

The End User is responsible for checking the coils on the condenser unit and vacuuming them every three months to maintain them free of debris. It is the End User’s responsibility to clean off any accumulated dust, lint, or other debris from the front and rear intake grills; failure to do this on a regular basis will restrict the airflow and may affect the Product’s ability to function properly. Periodically cleaning the Product's vents will help assure maximum cooling efficiency. The drain tube must also be checked and kept clean and free of debris and mold to maintain proper performance.

Mold is a natural living organism in the environment. It exists in the air in the form of microscopic spores that move in and out of buildings through doors, windows, vents, HVAC systems and anywhere else that air enters. Once it is discovered, mold must be addressed quickly and appropriately. Delayed or improper treatment of mold issues can result in costly and reoccurring repairs. If the End User suspects a mold problem, it is always best to hire a qualified and experienced mold remediation specialist.

4. Additional End User Costs And Responsibilities

Terms and conditions for replacing the Product that is being evaluated for limited warranty.

1. After evaluation by a certified HVAC/R technician and the Product is found to be irreparable in the field, contact WhisperKOOL Customer Service to arrange for replacement under the warranty guidelines. When a claim for warranty is submitted for a condenser skid, the End User must purchase a new condenser skid from WhisperKOOL at retail price. Upon installation of the new condenser skid by a certified HVAC/R Technician, the HVAC/R Technician must complete the Installation Checklist and End User must submit the Installation Checklist to WhisperKOOL Customer Service for approval. The original condenser skid must be returned within 21 days to WhisperKOOL for failure analysis. If the Installation Checklist is approved and the failure is evaluated as defective and not installation error or other reason, the End User will be refunded for the cost of the replacement skid.

2. If the Product failure is evaluated and it is determined that it is an installation error or other reason, all costs, including shipping will be the responsibility of the End User.

The following items are not covered under any warranty and are the sole responsibility of the End User:

A. End Users should satisfy themselves that the Product they are purchasing is suitable for their particular needs and requirements, and thus no responsibility will be placed with WhisperKOOL for the End User’s decisions in this regard.

B. End Users must assure that the product is installed by a certified HVAC/R technician. Failure to do so will result in Voiding the Limited Warranty.

C. It is the End User’s responsibility to secure safe haven/storage for ANY AND ALL items that are being kept and stored in the End User’s wine cellar, including any Product. WhisperKOOL takes no responsibility for the safety and preservation of the aforementioned items in the event that the environment becomes unsuitable to maintain a proper storage environment.

D. End User is responsible for initial installation costs, including, but not limited to, labor costs and the cost of any additional parts necessary to complete the installation.

E. End User is responsible for all costs incurred for the installation and/or removal of the Product, or any part thereof, unless such cost has been agreed by WhisperKOOL to be a warranty repair prior to the work being performed.

5. Sales and Use Tax

WhisperKOOL only collects California sales tax for orders shipped within the State of California; WhisperKOOL does not collect sales tax for orders shipped to other states. However, the Purchaser and the End User may be liable to the taxing authority in their state for sales tax and/or use tax on the Product. The Purchaser and the End User should each check with their state’s taxing authority for sales and use tax regulations.

6. Customer Service and Troubleshooting

WhisperKOOL's customer service department is available to answer any questions or inquiries for End Users regarding a WhisperKOOL Product, as well as to assist in performing basic troubleshooting. Monday through Friday, from 6:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. PST, at telephone number 1-800-343-9463. WhisperKOOL reserves the right to have a certified, WhisperKOOL-approved, HVAC/R technician go on site and inspect the product if the initial trouble shooting warrants further investigation. WhisperKOOL Corporation is located at 1738 East Alpine Avenue, Stockton, California 95205.
7. Request for Product Evaluation and Repair Under Warranty

SPLIT SYSTEM FIELD SERVICE WARRANTY POLICY: This Policy is to clarify what falls under Warranty Service and what becomes the responsibility of the Owner. WhisperKOOL ("manufacturer") strives to provide our customers with a superior Product and we back our Product with a Two Year Limited Warranty. Please review the WhisperKOOL Product Terms and Conditions including Product Limited Warranty and Product Installation Requirements to ensure you have a complete understanding of our Policy and coverage of your Split System.

ARBITRATION: Any disputes arising out of or in connection with the installation and warranty of the Split System shall be referred to and finally resolved by a WhisperKOOL approved Independent Certified HVAC/R Technician. The evaluation of the Technician on all issues or matters of identifying the responsible party (WhisperKOOL or Installing Technician) shall be determined in a written report. This report will be made available to all concerned parties. If discovered under warranty, WhisperKOOL will assume the financial responsibility under their warranty guidelines. If the report finds the Owner’s Installer as the responsible party, WhisperKOOL will provide all documentation to the customer to substantiate the findings. This will include the invoice from the Independent Certified HVAC/R Technician and the written report of the findings. The Owner will become responsible for payment directly to WhisperKOOL for all charges incurred for repairs (labor, parts and shipping costs) on the Split System.

8. Miscellaneous Terms and Conditions

A. Return Policy. All return inquiries must be made within thirty (30) calendar days of the original purchase of a Product and are subject to a twenty five percent (25%) restocking fee. Shipping costs are not refundable and the Purchaser is responsible for all return shipping costs (including customs fees and duties, if applicable).

B. Security Interest. WhisperKOOL retains a security interest in each Product until payment in full.

C. Construction and Severability. Every provision of these Terms and Conditions shall be construed, to the extent possible, so as to be valid and enforceable. If any provision of these Terms and Conditions is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal or otherwise unenforceable, such provision will, to the extent so held, be deemed severed from the contract of sale between Purchaser and WhisperKOOL, and all of the other non-severed provisions will remain in full force and effect.

D. Governing Law/Choice of Forum. The laws of the State of California (without regard for conflicts of law) shall govern the construction and enforcement of the these Terms and Conditions of Sale (Sections 1 through 9 inclusive, including Product Limited Warranty And Product Installation Requirements), and further these Terms and Conditions of Sale shall be interpreted as through drafted jointly by WhisperKOOL and Purchaser. Any dispute will be resolved by the courts in and for the County of San Joaquin, State of California, and all parties, WhisperKOOL, Purchaser and End User, hereby irrevocably submit to the personal jurisdiction of such courts for that purpose. No waiver by WhisperKOOL of any breach or default of the contract of sale (including these Terms and Conditions of Sale) concerning a Product will be deemed to be a waiver of any preceding or subsequent breach or default.

E. Correction of Errors and Inaccuracies. These Terms and Conditions may contain typographical errors or other errors or inaccuracies. WhisperKOOL reserves the right to correct any errors, inaccuracies or omissions, and to change or update these Terms and Conditions, at any time without prior notice.

9. Questions, Additional Information And Technical Assistance

A. Questions. If you have any questions regarding these Terms and Conditions or wish to obtain additional information, contact us via phone at 1-800-343-9463 or please send a letter via U.S. Mail to:

   Customer Service
   WhisperKOOL Corporation
   1738 E Alpine Ave
   Stockton, CA 95205

   E-mail: support@whisperkool.com
   Web: www.whisperkool.com

B. Technical Assistance. WhisperKOOL Customer Service is available Monday through Friday from 6:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. PST. The Customer Service representative will be able to assist you with your questions and warranty information more effectively if you provide them with the following:

   1. The model and serial number of your WhisperKOOL UNIT.
   2. The location of the system and installation details, such as ventilation, construction of your wine cellar, and room size.